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SERVICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

Pacific windows in New Zealand's permanent migration scheme

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Outline

- Then and now a brief history
- Pacific people in NZ
- Permanent migration from the Pacific
- Settlement outcomes
- Pacific futures





Migration from the Pacific

Pre and post 1970s - what's the difference?

Policy changes in recent times





New Zealand's Pacific people

- 6.9% of NZ's population strong growth projection
- A diverse population 13 distinct languages and cultural groups, and 60% born in NZ
- Young median age 21, compares to 35 for total population
- Auckland has the largest Pacific population in the world – 27% of NZ Pacific people live in Auckland
- A major part of future workforce, but challenges of high youth unemployment and under achievement.





Pacific-born in New Zealand

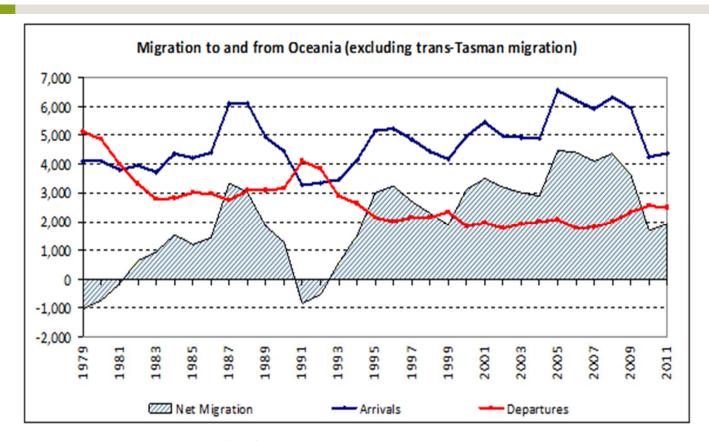
Birthplace	1945	1971	2006
Melanesia	1,280	5,730	41,180
Micronesia	20		1,200
Polynesia	1,730	25,170	96,040
·		·	·
Pacific-born	3,030	30,900	138,420
% Polynesia	57.3	81.5	69.4

Data source: Unpublished tables, Statistics New Zealand





Long term migration from the Pacific



Source: Statistics New Zealand





Recent Pacific migration to NZ

PLT migration of Pacific citizens to and from New Zealand, 2002-2011 (March years)

Area	Arrivals	Departures	Net migration
Melanesia	27,160	8,120	18,990
Micronesia	630	410	1,200
Polynesia	26,230	17,210	9,020
New Zealand	54,020	25,790	28,230
% Melanesia	50.3	31.7	67.3

Data source: Statistics New Zealand





Residence approvals, 2002-2012

Residence approvals of Pacific citizens in New Zealand, 2002-2011 (June years)

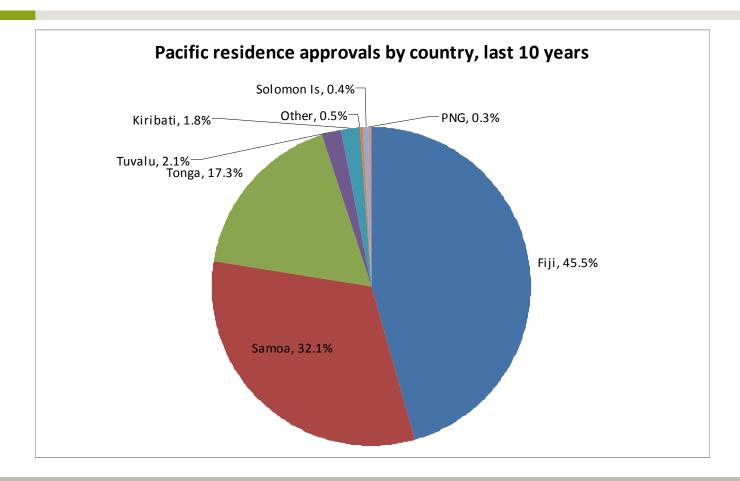
Area	2002-06	2007-11	% change	
Melanesia	13,136	15,054	14.3	
Micronesia	482	682	41.5	
Polynesia	17,714	14,394	-18.7	
•				
New Zealand	31,332	30,130	-3.8	
% Melanesia	41.9	49.9	8.0	

Data source: Department of Labour





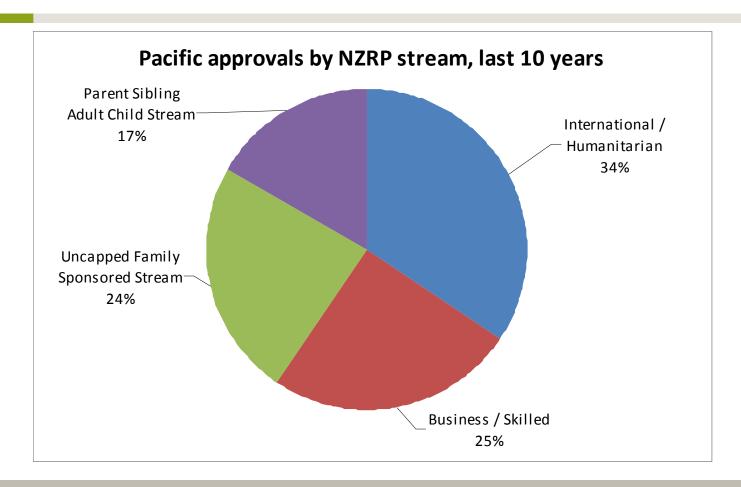
Permanent migration from the Pacific







Permanent migration from the Pacific (cont.)





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Settlement outcomes for Pacific Category Migrants using the LisNZ

- The Longitudinal Immigration Survey: New Zealand (LisNZ) is a key source of information about migrants' outcomes and experiences in New Zealand.
- Provides key information on Pacific and other groups of migrants.
- Data is available from Wave 1 Wave 3 (based on interviews 6, 18 & 36 months after taking up permanent residence).
- The LisNZ results for the Pacific have generally been positive.





Early outcomes for Pacific Category Migrants

Table comparing settlement outcomes across residence categories using the LisNZ (6 months: W1)

	Pacific Category (SQ and PAC)	Family Partner	Family Parent	Skilled Principal	Skilled Secondary
Employment Rate	66%	62%	n/a	90%	55%
Advanced vocational qualification or higher	12%	47%	26%	69%	42%
Main non-labour market activity is caring for dependants	45%	40%	23%	12%	45%
Settled or Very Settled in NZ	92%	86%	87%	88%	86%

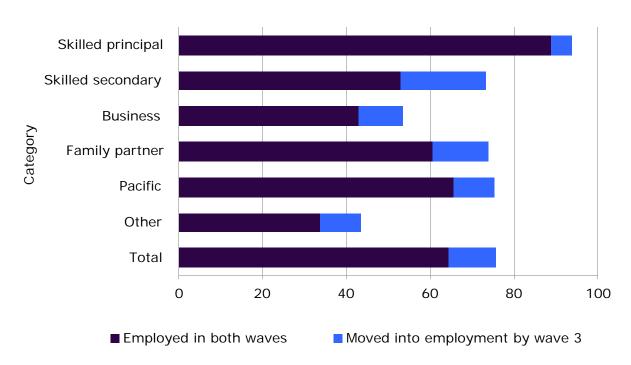
Source: Longitudinal Immigration Survey: New Zealand





Key findings – wave 3: Employment rates

Employed and self employed migrants at wave 3

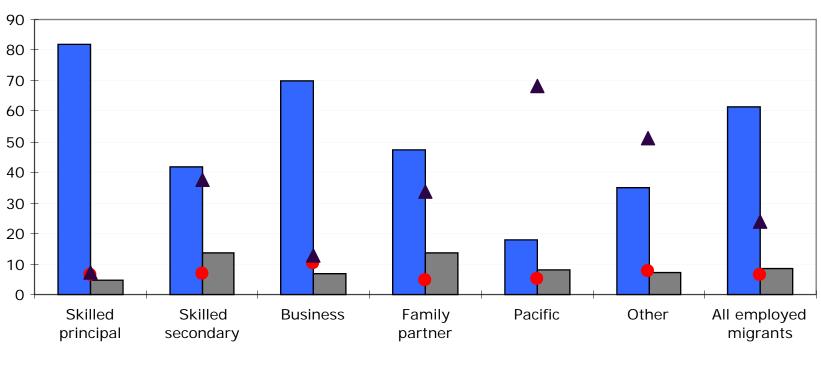


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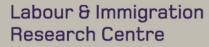


Movement between jobs with different skill levels



- Skilled job at both waves
- Moved from high to low skilled job

- Moved from low to high skilled job
- ▲ Lower skilled at both waves

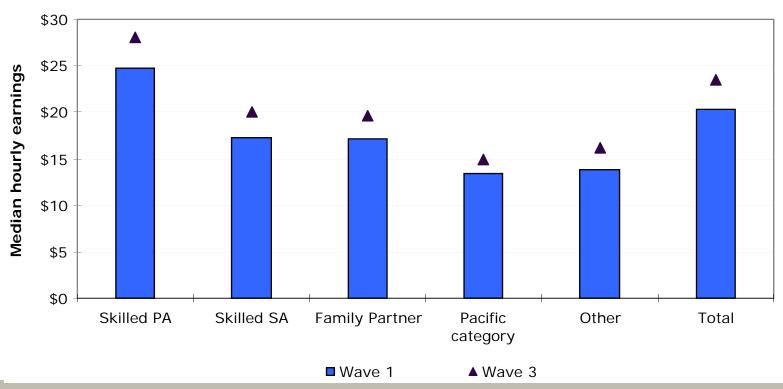


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Income and wage movement

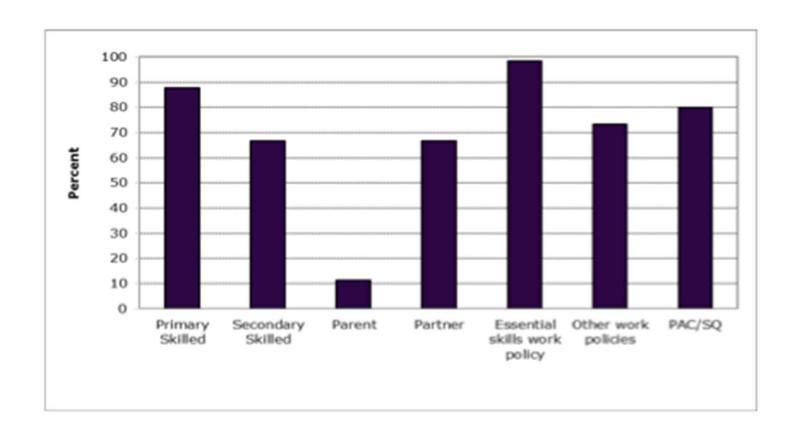
Median hourly wage at wave 3: \$23.49/hour, \$49,000/annum







Immigration Survey Migration Programme (ISMP) 2011



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Key ISMP measures (cont)

Table comparing ISMP measures by immigration stream (2011)

Measure	Skilled PA	Skilled SA	Parent	Partner	Ess. Skills work	Other work	Total (excl. PAC/SQ)	PAC/SQ
Working for a wage or salary	88	67	11	67	98	73	67	80
Own business	8	5	2	8	3	4	5	0
Looking for work (out of those not working)	29	33	14	22	46	36	24	43
Home/domestic duties (out of those not working)	15	53	18	52	50	26	31	52
Difficulty in getting work in NZ	20	36	67	38	18	34	33	25
- Not enough jobs in the area they live in							17	33
- Lack NZ work experience							38	22
Satisfaction with main job	83	73	64	77	86	72	77	78
Skills match job	84	62	40	45	75	49	61	60

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Pacific futures

- Demographic changes
 - By 2050 NZ could reach 5.2 million, 90% urban
 - Another 8 million in the Pacific Islands
- Main forces likely to impact mobility:
 - Urbanisation (especially Melanesia)
 - Demand for skilled labour in PNG's resource extraction industry
 - Environmental deterioration
 - Youth bulge and increasing levels of education





Pacific migration: a watershed?

- Arrival cities in the Pacific and on the Pacific Rim
- Re-emergence of Melanesia
- New research Pacific futures scenarios Oxford: IMI
- www.imi.ox.ac.uk/research-projects/global-migration-futures





Further information

 Visit our research page: <u>www.immigration.govt.nz/research</u>

 LisNZ research page: <u>www.immigration.govt.nz/lisnz</u>

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