

# Looking at the NDIS in Australia Applicability of Personal Budgets to Korea

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# What is the NDIS?



## Background of the NDIS

### Not Charity, But Market Logic

“ Not Charity, But Market Logic ”

Ensure that people with disabilities are socially and economically involved in the community as a member of a society and provide support in a new way throughout their lifetime



## Meaning of NDIS

### National Disability Insurance Scheme

“ Applied to the whole Australia ”

The operation of the system and the terms apply equally to Australia on a nationwide scale. The Western Australia has withdrawn, but other states are piling their service systems based on NDIS.



## Center Link and Medicare

### Together

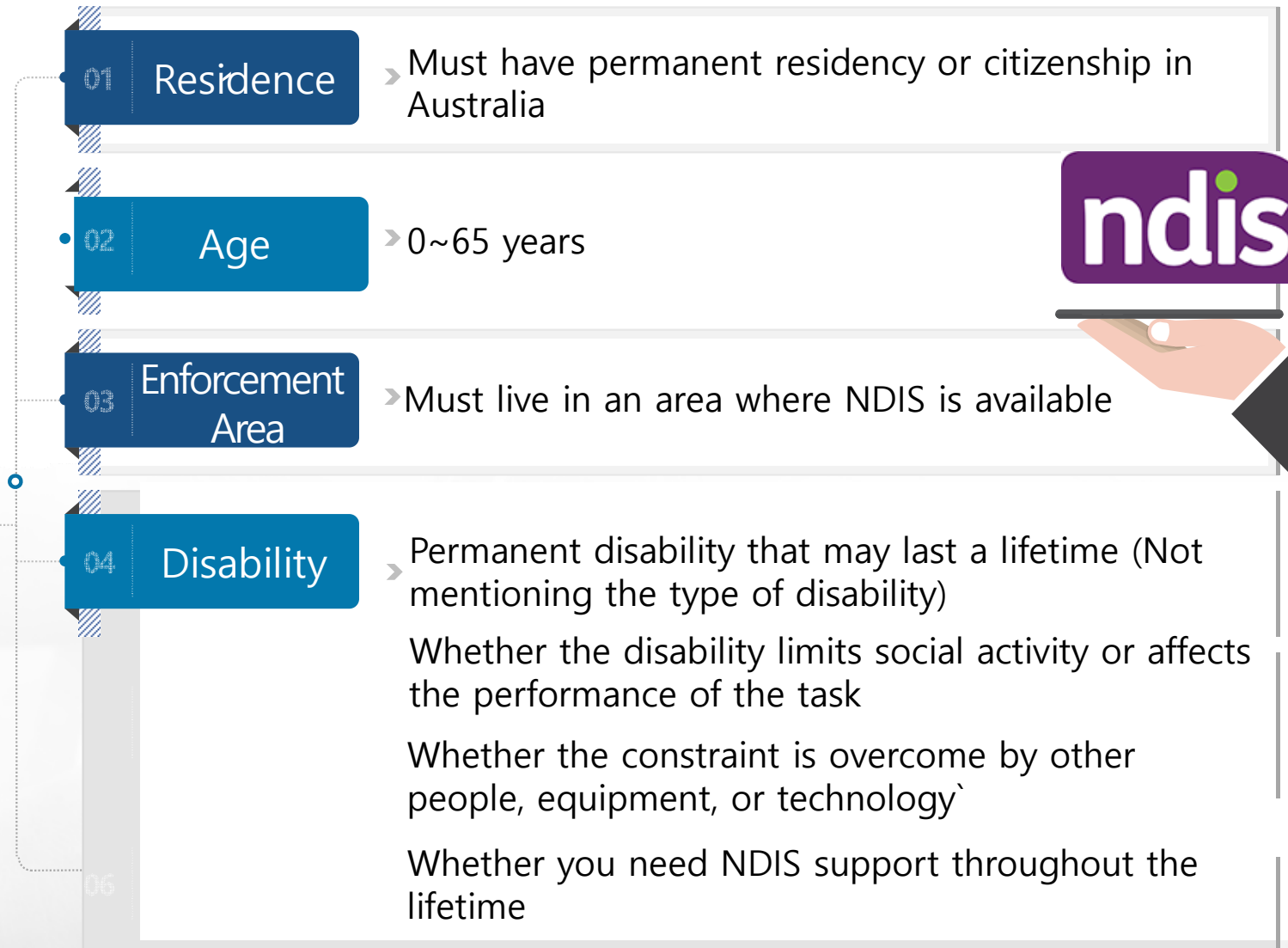
“ Separate from NDIS grant ”

Even if you receive an NDIS grant, Medicare operates for disease and health care, and Centerlink is for other purposes, such as income security.



# Checklist for selecting eligible persons for NDIS

**NDIA : Conducts eligibility examination as a government agency implementing the NDIS**



“ The limitation of socio-economic participation due to 'disability', the degree of isolation from society is the concern of NDIS. ”

별첨 1.



Released by the NDIA on  
/ /  
By  
NDIA Office

### Access Request Form

Complete this form to request to become a participant in the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS). You must provide proof of age, residence (including citizenship or visa status) and disability (or your need for early intervention supports) with this Access Request Form. We cannot make a decision on your access request without this information.

If you have questions about this form, need help to complete it or would like more information about the NDIS, please contact us:

Phone: 1800 800 110 | TTY: 1800 555 677 | Speak and Listen: 1800 555 727

Internet Relay: Visit <http://relayservice.gov.au> and ask for 1800 800 110 | Email: [NAT@ndis.gov.au](mailto:NAT@ndis.gov.au)

#### Part A: Your details (the person wishing to become an NDIS participant)

Full name	
Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)	/ /
Gender	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Unspecified (X)
Are you of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin?	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes - Aboriginal <input type="checkbox"/> Yes - Torres Strait Islander <input type="checkbox"/> Yes - Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander <input type="checkbox"/> Do not wish to disclose
Country of birth	
Language spoken at home	
Are you living in Australia permanently?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Current home address	State: Postcode:
Postal address	<input type="checkbox"/> As above if different to current home address: State: Postcode:
For Western Australia or Northern Territory only: What was your home address on 1 July 2014?	<input type="checkbox"/> Same as current home address above if different: State: Postcode:

Personal-In-Confidence when complete OFFICIAL DOCUMENT—DO NOT COPY  
25 July 2016 Version 8.0

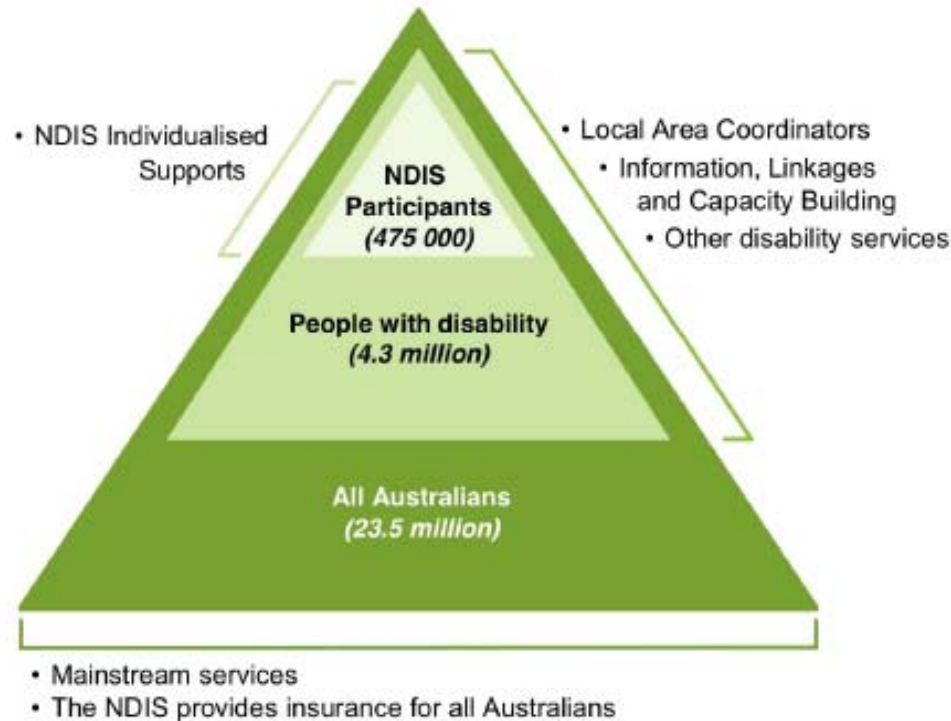
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## Do you need support for social interaction due to disability?

1. No, I do not need support.
2. Yes, I need special aids.
3. Yes, I need assistive technology.
4. Yes, I need support from someone else.

“ The question itself is positive. The question asks what you can not do due to your disability, but asks with what kind of support you can do. ”

# Funding of NDIS



< The NDIS is part of a broader system of supports >

- ✓ NDIS is a national insurance that all Australians pay.
- ✓ Australia raises medical premiums to fund NDIS.
- ✓ Overall implementation in most regions of Australia in July 2016
- ✓ Increased demand for NDIS funding after one year of implementation – A bill passed to increase to 2.5% in July 2017

# Future of Insurance Approach

01

Grants tailored to individual needs (many developed countries) vs. Assistance based on insurance principles (Australia)

02

Plan of insurance approach

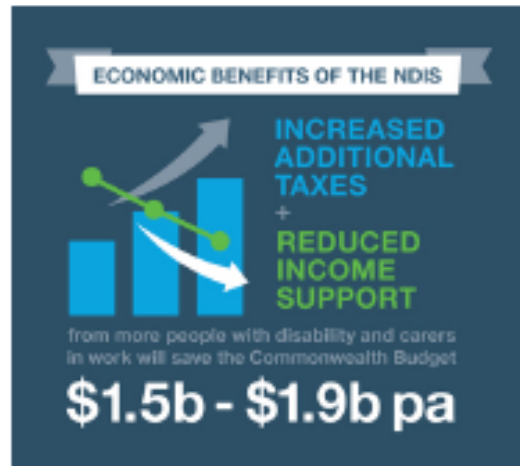
- ✓ Subsequent cost reduction through initial investment
- ✓ Investments throughout the society for socio-economic integration of people with disabilities
- ✓ Policy design of a thorough insurance approach
- ✓ Reporting, auditing, performance measurement
- ✓ NDIS plan design
- ✓ Approval procedures based on 'reasonable and necessary'

03

NDIS effect promotion

- ✓ Each 1% of productivity increase in the disability sector reduces NDIS costs by 130 million dollars (approximately 105 billion won)
- ✓ Estimated increase in GDP by 1.3% in 2045

# Future of Insurance Approach



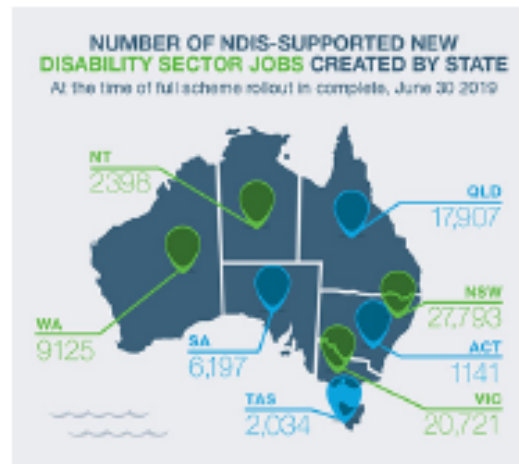
[www.nds.org.au](http://www.nds.org.au)

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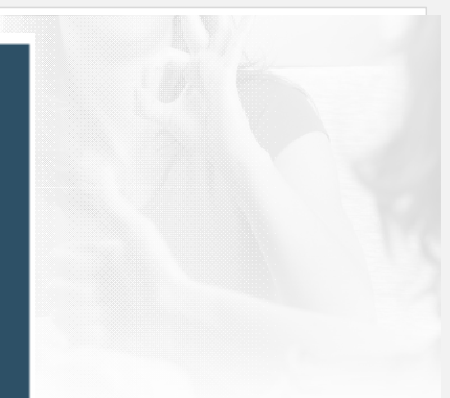
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“ People with disabilities receiving NDIS grants are no longer subject to charity, but as a dignified member of a society, they can overcome social barriers and return to society through grants. ”

# Planning the NDIS



## <Planning process by the NDIS>

\* A person who does not currently receive any disability services from the state

\*\* Service providers can help people with disabilities access and prepare for the NDIS and explain

\*\*\* A person who does not currently receive any disability services from the state

No special form for the statement of care provider

Only those who manage the NDIS plan themselves need to use the portal for participants.



# Planning the NDIS



<The NDIS Planning Steps>

## Preparing for planning the NDIA

- Only items from approved plans are supported
  - ☑ Participants include themselves in the service plan
  - ☑ Unfamiliar to those who are accustomed to support based on existing block funding methods
- Meet the diverse needs of individuals
  - ☑ What is your goal?
  - ☑ What do you want to do?
  - ☑ What dream and vision do you have?
- Support of the NDIS
  - ☑ Workbook, participant's opinion statements, plan preparation materials, etc.

# Regional Coordinator and Support Coordinator

Serious disability

Need a variety of professional service connections

Crisis situation

Absence of applicant

Add grant for support coordination



# Add grant for support coordination

## How to manage grants

01

### Direct management

- ✔ Service use in advance and refund to personal account
- ✔ Advantages : You do not need to use services registered with the NDIS  
Ex.> You can choose a comparatively low and preferred therapeutic service although it is not registered to the NDIS.

02

### Management by the NDIA

- ✔ When using the service, the service agency is paid through sending a bill directly to the NDIA
- ✔ Advantages : Service agency can not request payment beyond cost reference
- ✔ Disadvantages : Service is unavailable if unregistered to the NDIS

03

### Third agency management

- ✔ Plan management : Financial management for the NDIS grants
- ✔ Plan manager : Grant management, accountant or bookkeeping certificate required

## NDIS Plan Review

01

### Regular Review

- ✔ Meetings that decide the grant for the following year at the end of one year's plan for the grant
- ✔ Goal performance is critical to the NDIS
  - Instead of supporting grants according to the degree of disability, it supports the cost of achieving the goal
  - If you need a new wheelchair, the NDIS provides the grant for it but in the following year the total grant will be reduced because you don't need another wheelchair.
  - If a youth with developmental disabilities aim to live independently, the NDIS grant increases significantly in comparison with the previous year, but once they move to a new home and settle well, the grant decreases.

## NDIS Plan Review

### 02 General Review

- ✓ Procedures that an NDIS participant can take when they are dissatisfied with their own plan
- ✓ Once a plan is approved, participants can apply for a review if they regard that the NDIS plan and grant setting have such serious problems that it is difficult to implement as planned.

Plan Approval  
(NDIA)



Internal Review - About  
the review plan (NDIA)



Adjustment of  
AAT (AAT)



Hearing (AAT)

# Implications of the NDIS

## Continuity of Service

01 The NDIS does not provide support that is not listed in the plan because it creates a plan that is thoroughly targeted and helps to achieve it.

As a result, there are many cases where the participants does not get the grant for the current service as well as the additional grant from the NDIS.

02 People who have been denied registration with the NDIS, or who have waited indefinitely for those who have priority over the NDIS registration, no longer receive the benefit of free programs in the area.

# Implications of the NDIS

## Choice without options

After the full implementation of the NDIS, the NDIS participants were given choice, but because they were given the right to choose in advance of the ability to choose, it is difficult to escape from the existing service providers that has been changed for tailored services to meet individual needs.

# Implications of the NDIS

## Lack of the NDIS professional manpower

- Because the NDIS is a new scheme, it is difficult to properly understand and apply.  
After approval of the plan, the NDIS participants are expected to meet the area coordinator first, but most of the area coordinators are not experts in disability unlike the previous case managers.  
Therefore, at planning meetings, there are many cases that participants do not know what kind of services are needed for people with disabilities.



# Implications of the NDIS

## | The waiting period and complexity of the review process

- In many cases, it takes more than six months to wait for a review screening to begin although the review procedures begin. Initially, the NDIS received review easily and planners contacted directly for changing plans, but recently the relatively formalized review procedures must be followed because many people begin the procedures.

# Implications of the NDIS

## | The waiting period and complexity of the review process

With the introduction of the NDIS, a personalized welfare system for people with disabilities based on personal budgets, the personal budgets system contributes greatly to strengthening their capacity, social participation and quality of life. It can be a customized welfare system that supports the needed services as much as necessary and also can be a viable alternative in that self-directed service implementation is possible. In Korea, consideration should also be given to the introduction of personal budgets after abolition of the disability rating system.

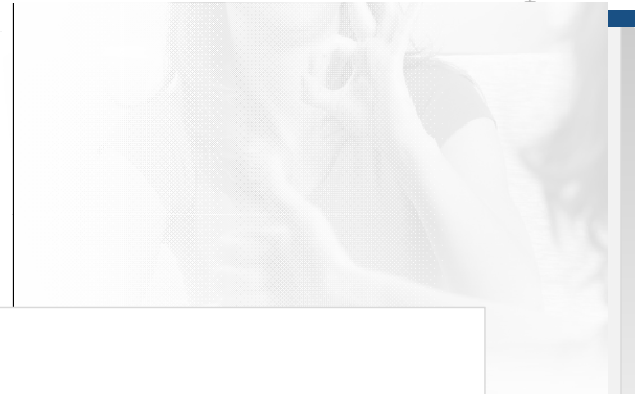
# Seeking applicability of the NDIS in Korea

## Securing financial resources

- Increase in national premiums for the NDIS

## Solving the problem of lack of service diversity

- preparation for standardized service pricing



# Seeking applicability of the NDIS in Korea

| Resolving the resistance of service Providers

| Measures against persons with disabilities who are unable to enter personal budgets



# Seeking applicability of the NDIS in Korea

- | Need to consider whether integrating the support system for children with disabilities and people with developmental disabilities with personal budgets

- | Training new professional manpower

- | National efforts

- Efforts such as the analysis by the Australian Productivity Commission and the publication of the White Paper by the Parliament

Thank you

